

Turbulent Flows
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Solution to Exercise 12.4

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The exact transport equation for $f(\mathbf{V}; \mathbf{x}, t)$ is

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + V_i \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} = \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial V_i} - \frac{\partial}{\partial V_i} \left[f \left\langle \nu \nabla^2 U_i - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_i} \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle \right]. \quad (1)$$

Multiplying Eq. 1 by $v_j v_k$ and integrating over velocity space, where \mathbf{v} is defined by

$$\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{V}, \mathbf{x}, t) \equiv \mathbf{V} - \langle \mathbf{U}(\mathbf{x}, t) \rangle, \quad (2)$$

we get

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(v_j v_k \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + v_j v_k V_i \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \right) d\mathbf{V} \\ &= \int \left(\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial V_i} - \frac{\partial}{\partial V_i} \left[f \left\langle \nu \nabla^2 U_i - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_i} \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle \right] \right) v_j v_k d\mathbf{V}. \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

a)

$$\begin{aligned} \int v_j v_k \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} d\mathbf{V} &= \int (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle) \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} d\mathbf{V} \\ &= \int V_j V_k \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} d\mathbf{V} + \int \langle U_j \rangle \langle U_k \rangle \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} d\mathbf{V} \\ &\quad - \int V_j \langle U_k \rangle \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} d\mathbf{V} - \int V_k \langle U_j \rangle \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} d\mathbf{V} \\ &= \frac{\partial \langle U_j U_k \rangle}{\partial t} + 0 - \langle U_k \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial t} - \langle U_j \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial t} \\ &= \frac{\partial \langle U_j U_k \rangle}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial (\langle U_j \rangle \langle U_k \rangle)}{\partial t} \\ &= \frac{\partial \langle u_j u_k \rangle}{\partial t}. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
v_j v_k V_i \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} &= \frac{\partial(v_j v_k V_i f)}{\partial x_i} - f \frac{\partial(v_j v_k V_i)}{\partial x_i} \\
&= \frac{\partial(v_j v_k V_i f)}{\partial x_i} - f V_i \frac{\partial[(V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle)]}{\partial x_i} \\
&= \frac{\partial(v_j v_k V_i f)}{\partial x_i} + f V_i (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle) \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} + f V_i (V_k - \langle U_k \rangle) \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial x_i} \\
&= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (V_i v_j v_k f) + f V_i \left(v_k \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial x_i} + v_j \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} \right). \tag{5}
\end{aligned}$$

So

$$\begin{aligned}
\int v_j v_k V_i \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} d\mathbf{V} &= \int \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (V_i v_j v_k f) + f V_i \left(v_k \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial x_i} + v_j \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} \right) \right] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= \int \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} [(\langle U_i \rangle + v_i) v_j v_k f] d\mathbf{V} \\
&\quad + \int f (\langle U_i \rangle + v_i) \left(v_k \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial x_i} + v_j \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} \right) d\mathbf{V} \\
&= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (\langle U_i \rangle \langle u_j u_k \rangle + \langle u_i u_j u_k \rangle) + \langle u_i u_k \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial x_i} + \langle u_i u_j \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} \\
&= \langle U_i \rangle \frac{\partial \langle u_j u_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial \langle u_i u_j u_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} + \langle u_i u_k \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial x_i} + \langle u_i u_j \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} \tag{6}
\end{aligned}$$

So the convection term accounts for mean convection, turbulent transport, and production.

c)

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{\rho} v_j v_k \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial V_i} d\mathbf{V} &= \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle}{\partial x_i} \int (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle) \frac{\partial f}{\partial V_i} d\mathbf{V} \\
&= -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle}{\partial x_i} \int f \frac{\partial}{\partial V_i} [(V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle)] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \langle p \rangle}{\partial x_i} \int f \delta_{ij} (V_k - \langle U_k \rangle) + f \delta_{ik} (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle) d\mathbf{V} \\
&= 0. \tag{7}
\end{aligned}$$

So the mean pressure gradient term vanishes.

d)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int -v_j v_k \frac{\partial}{\partial V_i} \left[f \left\langle \nu \nabla^2 U_i \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle \right] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= \int f \left\langle \nu \nabla^2 U_i \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle \frac{\partial}{\partial V_i} [(V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle)] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= \int f \left\langle \nu \nabla^2 U_i \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle [(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle)\delta_{ij} + (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)\delta_{ki}] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= \int f \left\langle \nu \nabla^2 U_j \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle (V_k - \langle U_k \rangle) d\mathbf{V} + \int f \left\langle \nu \nabla^2 U_k \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle) d\mathbf{V} \\
&= \langle u_k \nu \nabla^2 U_j \rangle + \langle u_j \nu \nabla^2 U_k \rangle \\
&= \langle u_k \nu \nabla^2 u_j \rangle + \langle u_j \nu \nabla^2 u_k \rangle \\
&= \nu \nabla^2 \langle u_k u_j \rangle - 2\nu \langle \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_i} \rangle. \tag{8}
\end{aligned}$$

e)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int v_j v_k \frac{\partial}{\partial V_i} \left[f \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_i} \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle \right] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= - \int f \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_i} \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle \frac{\partial}{\partial V_i} [(V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle)] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= - \int f \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_i} \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle [(V_k - \langle U_k \rangle)\delta_{ij} + (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle)\delta_{ki}] d\mathbf{V} \\
&= - \int f \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_j} \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle (V_k - \langle U_k \rangle) d\mathbf{V} - \int f \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_k} \mid \mathbf{V} \right\rangle (V_j - \langle U_j \rangle) d\mathbf{V} \\
&= - \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} u_k \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_j} \right\rangle - \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho} u_j \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_k} \right\rangle \\
&= - \frac{1}{\rho} \left\langle u_k \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_j} + u_j \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_k} \right\rangle. \tag{9}
\end{aligned}$$

Substituting Eqs. 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 into Eq. 3, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial \langle u_j u_k \rangle}{\partial t} + \langle U_i \rangle \frac{\partial \langle u_j u_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial \langle u_i u_j u_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} + \langle u_i u_k \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_j \rangle}{\partial x_i} + \langle u_i u_j \rangle \frac{\partial \langle U_k \rangle}{\partial x_i} \\
&= \nu \nabla^2 \langle u_k u_j \rangle - 2\nu \langle \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_i} \rangle - \frac{1}{\rho} \left\langle u_k \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_j} + u_j \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_k} \right\rangle, \tag{10}
\end{aligned}$$

and this is identical to Eq. (7.178).

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